

WAS TORTURED FOR TEN YEARS

With Terrible Stomach Trouble Until She Tried "FRUIT-A-LIVES".



MRS. F. S. STOLZ

3807 Sacto Ave., Sacramento, Cal.
"I had Stomach Trouble for 10 years, which became so bad that I got Stomach Cramps two or three times a week."

After years of terrible torture. I read about 'Fruit-a-lives' or Fruit Liver Tablets, and sent for a trial box and wrote that it was the last remedy I would use—if 'Fruit-a-lives' did not help me, I would die.

After taking the trial box, I felt better, so kept on taking 'Fruit-a-lives' for nearly a year, and am thankful to say 'Fruit-a-lives' saved my life.

It also saved a friend from an operation for Stomach Trouble, after he had given up all hope of getting well."

Mrs. F. S. STOLZ.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price, by FRUIT-A-LIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Chestnut and oak fence posts. Inquire 372-15, Lewis Packer, Bennington, Vermont. 8719*

FOR SALE—1 paper baler practically new, also set of market sleighs. Apply The Bottom Grocery store, Tel. 4. 8517*

FOR SALE—Heavy one beam mountain sleigh. Inquire A. J. Nash, North Bennington, Vermont. 84112*

FOR SALE—Dry cord wood delivered at North Bennington or South Shaftsbury. Phone 181-15. J. H. Peters. 71125*

FOR SALE—Sawed and split wood, kindling and cord wood also sawing done. A. Barnhardt and Conrad Hynick, Tel. 402-3 or 546-Y. 81112*

FOR SALE—On easy terms if desired 6 room house with bath, hot and cold water and steam heat, barn and land enough for good garden, centrally located in Arlington. For particulars address X, Box 440. 8516*

WANTED

WANTED—Pupil nurses, male and female at the Taunton State Hospital Training School for nurses. For particulars address Dr. Arthur V. Goss, Supt., Taunton State Hospital, Taunton, Mass. 2917

WANTED—Reliable man and wife to run boarding house and mill. Address P. O. Box 447, Bennington. 8716

WANTED—To buy for cash or sell on commission good second hand clothing. 232 School St. 8716*

WANTED—Board with mother's care in nice Protestant family for little boy of 10 years. Centrally located preferred. Address Box 167, Bennington, Vt. 8516

WANTED—To buy a hound. Tel. 121-11. 8516*

WANTED—Experienced meat cutter at The Bottom Grocery store, Tel. 4. 8517

WANTED—Boys to sell Vanilla flavoring after school hours and Saturdays. Send \$1.00 for eight (8) bottles that retail for 25c each. Send postcard for free sample bottle. Wakefield Extract Co., Sanbornville, N. H. 81114*

TO RENT

TO RENT—Stores, offices, tenements, shops, stables, individual storage lockers, furnished apartments and rooms, all centrally located. Geo. M. Hawks, 7617

TO RENT—Furnished rooms with electric lights and bath, 221 North St. Mrs. W. E. Frost. 8516*

TO RENT—Furnished apartment, all conveniences, suitable for man and wife. Several desirable tenements, modern improvements, several desirable offices for club or business purposes. Geo. M. Hawks, Hawks Block, 425 Main Street. 8517

MISCELLANEOUS

LOST—Between Bank house and Black Cat mill a black leather covered index book lost book. Finder please return to Mr. Haskins, Black Cat Mill. 8716

NOTICE—We are prepared to do custom baling of hay or straw with power baler. A. J. Percey or Tel. 418-11. 85125*

LOST—Saturday small blue bag containing sum of money and key. Finder please return key to Banner office and keep the money. 8516

Wanted

BUCH—OAK—SPRUCE—BARN—WOOD LOGS—WE DO CUSTOM SAWING OF LOGS—SAWEDST 1800 PER CORD. For Sale—Cord wood—Over length. Delivered.

H. T. CUSHMAN MFG. CO., Vermont, North Bennington.

REWARD!

Dog, lost Thursday—Rough dark coat—Short legs—Notify Elliot, Phone 437-W or Banner Office.

STAMFORD

Miss Jessie Brown of Bennington is home for a few days during the holidays.

Ira Dexter Whitney, who has been very ill with pneumonia, is thought to be gaining.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lewis have moved from their home on West Hill down to the Haskins place.

The burial of Mrs. Carrie Chapman, a former resident who died in Holyoke, took place here Saturday.

The next Grange meeting will be January 6, 1919 in the usual place and will consist of the installation of officers.

There will be a meeting of the Baptist Ladies' Aid on Friday afternoon at the church association the evening of the annual meeting will be held.

News has been received by his relatives here of the death of Murray Sanford the photographer of North Adams who died at his home Sunday morning.

Frank and Charles Bishop and A. B. Sanford went to Readsboro Sunday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Hinsdale who died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George Bishop.

The proceeds of the Christmas sale and supper of the Methodist Ladies' Aid are now all brought in and the result is highly gratifying being \$145.

Mrs. Agnes Tompkins, who lives with her daughter, Mrs. L. E. Reed had the misfortune to fall and break her hip a few days ago and is now confined to her bed with a trained nurse, Mrs. Armstrong, attending her.

The Bishop reunion was held with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bishop on Christmas day. There were twenty-two present and all had an enjoyable time. Others were absent on account of illness in their family.

Mrs. Eugene Bishop has returned from Brattleboro where she went to attend the funeral of her sister-in-law Mrs. Underwood. Her little nephew and niece, Loren and Marian Underwood came home with her for a few days stay.

The Methodist Sunday school recently elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: Supt., R. J. Sanford.

A RAW, SORE THROAT

Eases Quickly When You Apply a Little Musterole.

And Musterole won't blister like the old-fashioned mustard plaster. Just spread it on with your fingers. It penetrates to the sore spot with a gentle tingle, loosens the congestion and draws out the soreness and pain.

Musterole is a clean, white ointment made with oil of mustard. It is fine for quick relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bitten feet, colds on the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). Nothing like Musterole for croupy children. Keep it handy for instant use. 30c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50.



ford assistant supt., H. M. Blood; supt. of Home Dept., Mrs. Nancy A. Sanford; treasurer, Miss Lucy H. Blood; secretary, Mrs. George Estes. The teachers remain the same as last year.

The Christmas exercises held in town hall Dec. 23rd, were very fine. The Community Christmas tree laden with presents for everyone, young and old gave much satisfaction and delight. The following program was efficiently rendered: Music, orchestra; song, Joy to the World, by all; prayer, Rev. D. C. Abbott; Welcome, S. S. primary boys; song, It Came Upon the Midnight Clear, congregation; A Christmas Tree, thirteen girls; There's a Song in the Air, chorus; Santa's Roll Call, primary children; Long Years Ago, chorus; The Christmas Carol, Let's Sumner; The Little Bethlehem, school; The Little King of Boyland, primary boys; recitation, Alice Tanner; Waiting Up for Santa, Charles Dunn and Doris Sanford; recitation, Marion Bishop; Hark the Herald Angels Sing, chorus; tableau, the grammar school; solo, Mr. Mentelth; remarks, William Ritchie; God Save Our Men, song, all.

COMPLAIN OF CAMPS IN THIS COUNTRY

Investigations Are Being Made Into Charges of Neglect of Wounded Soldiers—Some Complaints Unfounded.

New York, Jan. 3.—The announcement that Secretary Baker had ordered an investigation of conditions at the embarkation camp, near Brest, France, known as Camp Pontenazen, occasioned no surprise among medical officers on duty in the New York district, where most of the officers, and enlisted men from Pontenazen are disembarked on their arrival. The complaint upon which Secretary Baker acted is only one of numerous ones that have been made regarding conditions in the Brest camp. Furthermore, it is the opinion of officers familiar with conditions that the Pontenazen investigation is the forerunner of many other investigations, which will include not only camps and institutions in France, but many in America also.

Investigation has already shown that in some instances the complaints are not based on facts, while in others the sources of the information are such as to merit the attention of the authorities. The complaints range from poor conditions in hospitals to failure on the part of the Government to pay the wounded and ill money that is due them, in many instances the pay due being anywhere from one to six months in arrears. That the situation as regards pay amounts almost to scandal is not denied in responsible army circles. That sanitary and other conditions can be improved is also admitted, while it is maintained that the improvement is steady and conditions are being rectified as fast as it is humanly possible to do so.

One complaint about Camp Pontenazen is contained in a letter from an officer of the army, which says: "In October Captain X was wounded in France. He had been slightly lamed in July. While in a base hospital near Toul his wound healed, but he came down with other patients with influenza. At the end of the second week in November he with other wounded officers and enlisted men were loaded on a hospital train at 8 a. m. The day was cold and the train was without heat. The engine to draw the train away or furnish heat did not arrive until noon. It was shortly after this that the journey to the coast began. After thirty-six hours of travel this train arrived at Brest at 5 a. m. No information was given as to the eventual destination of invalids, but an order that no one should leave the train was issued. There was no food on the train and during the day coffee was the only nourishment."

At 4 o'clock in the afternoon ambulances arrived and took these 450 wounded officers and enlisted men to Pontenazen Barracks, three miles outside the walls of Brest. For four weeks these men lived under most rigorous and unsanitary conditions; wretched food, little or no medical care, miserably housed, and with no sustained hope of information that they would be put on a transport and taken home.

Pontenazen Barracks, holding 5,000 men, was only one of several barracks in or near Brest where invalids were unloaded. The inmates of the others had the same story to tell, leaky roofs, camps in two inches of mud, no heat, scarcity of hospital equipment, wretched food, (many had to use wooden tongue depressors, there being neither knives, forks, nor spoons.)

Another complaint concerns conditions at the army hospital at Secaucus, N. J. This is a New Jersey institution under Government control, used principally for the treatment of contagious cases. The complainant against Secaucus is a man from the Middle West who went there to see a boy who had been invalided home from France. The charge is that the food served was not of the kind or quality that ill men should have and that sanitary conditions could be greatly improved. The patient, it was further stated, had received only two weeks' pay during a service of more than a year. The complainant states that he talked with several other patients and that all had the same complaint to make as regarded food conditions and failure to pay.

Still another complaint is lodged against conditions at Camp Dix, N. J. This complaint was made by a well known New York lawyer, who vouches for the complainant as a "young woman of good judgment, keen perception, and decidedly unusual discretion and self-restraint in her statements." The statement, which the lawyer inclosed, reads as follows:

As the wife of an officer, now overseas with the A. E. F., who has tried to do her bit here in various camp activities, I wish to call your attention to conditions which came to my notice in a recent stay at one of the camps for soldiers at Camp Dix, N. J.

While there I met and talked to scores of our boys recently returned from active duty at the front. I found that after a most unpleasant trip home, on one of our largest transporters, inadequately provisioned and unprepared for such numbers of troops, they are now living in badly heated, and in many cases absolutely unheated barracks, and a great number of them are sleeping on bare springs, having no mattresses at all. Most of them have had colds, and a number have contracted pneumonia since arriving in this country.

It seems a shocking thing to me, and a disgrace to the people at large, that our boys should be received in this way, and that, having lived through months at the front, any of them should die because of improper care and attention when they arrive back home. Of what use is a noisy and glorious reception, when, from their point of view, no one seems to care whether they are properly housed or fed afterward? The feeling, as expressed to me, by many after men seems to be that now the war is over neither the Government nor the people care what becomes of them, and they feel hurt.

I consider this a mighty poor way of showing our gratitude to the boys and I think it should be corrected, and that whoever is responsible for such a condition should be punished severely. The home troops who have

been stationed at Camp Dix are comfortable, having food, fuel, and bedding. But the boys who have returned from the front seem to have been just dumped there, and left without fuel and to sleep on springs without mattresses, and without bedding sufficient to keep them warm in the middle of winter.

The War Department has already taken steps to rectify the pay situation which has been, perhaps, the cause of more discontent and complaint than any other single phase of the situation. The men are now being paid off on the submission of their own affidavits to the pay officers as to the amount of money due them. The paying of the men in base hospital at Eighteenth Street and Sixth Avenue, which is the old Greenhut Building, began Wednesday. The failure to pay the wounded was due in nearly every instance, it was said yesterday, to the failure of company commanders to forward to the proper hospital authorities a statement as to the amount due to wounded and ill men from their commands.

TAP EVERY TREE

Millions of pounds of Maple Sugar can be saved.



For nearly 50 Years First Prize Maple Syrup and Sugar has been made by WILLIAMS IMPROVED BELLOWS FALLS EVAPORATORS

Our 1919 Booklet will tell you: How to make better syrup and sugar—How to save time in boiling and all about the New Perfection Heater.

This booklet is free and every farmer should have one. Write for yours today. Syrup Cans, Sugar Pails and Sugar Boxes will be hard to get next spring. If you order early, we can supply you at reasonable prices.

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Sepia

Portraits

The White Studio, Main St.

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WITH COTTON PRICES STILL GOING UP, THIS SALE MEANS A BIG SAVING FOR YOU. SO BUY FOR YOUR FUTURE NEEDS

Corset Covers and Camisoles

at 39c

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at 50c

were 59c to 69c

at 75c

were \$1.00

Chemise in White and Flesh

At 79c

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At \$1.00

were \$1.25

At \$1.50

were \$1.75 to \$2.00

Night Gowns in tailored and fancy styles

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were \$1.25

\$1.50

regular \$2 value

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extra good value

Bloomers

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Cut Prices Now on All Garments

Coats at \$7.50, \$12.98, \$15.00, \$18.98, \$30.00

Suits at \$12.98, \$19.00 and \$25.00

These were formerly \$16.50 to \$50.00

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After inventory we find we have an accumulation of shirts bought by us to sell for from 75c to \$1.00, that we have marked

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We have all sizes in the lot but not all kinds of all sizes, and this is your chance to get a shirt for less than the wholesale price under today's market.

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